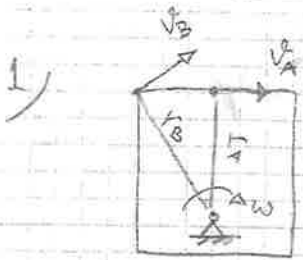


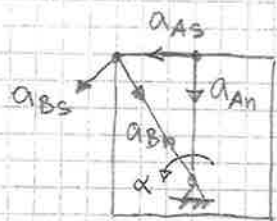
Seminarie pass 18



$$v = \omega \cdot r \quad \omega = 6 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\begin{cases} r_A = 45 \text{ mm} = 0.045 \text{ m} \\ r_B = \sqrt{30^2 + 45^2} = 0.0541 \text{ m} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v_A = 6 \cdot 0.045 = 0.27 \text{ m/s} \\ v_B = 6 \cdot 0.0541 = 0.32 \text{ m/s} \end{cases}$$



$$a_s = \alpha r \quad , \quad a_n = \omega^2 r$$

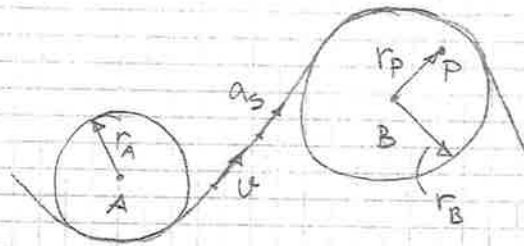
$$\begin{cases} a_{sA} = 4 \cdot 0.045 = 0.18 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ a_{nA} = 6^2 \cdot 0.045 = 1.62 \text{ m/s}^2 \end{cases}$$

$$a_A = 1.63 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\begin{cases} a_{sB} = 4 \cdot 0.0541 = 0.22 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ a_{nB} = 6^2 \cdot 0.0541 = 1.95 \text{ m/s}^2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow a_B = 1.96 \text{ m/s}^2$$

SP18 Parts. ...

2)



a) Winkelgesch. $\begin{cases} \omega_A = \frac{v}{r_A} = \frac{2.4}{0.06} = 40 \text{ rad/s} \\ \omega_B = \frac{v}{r_B} = \frac{2.4}{0.12} = 20 \text{ rad/s} \end{cases}$

Acceleration:

$$a_s = \frac{(v_1^2 - v_0^2)}{2s} = \frac{2.4^2 - 1.2^2}{2 \cdot 0.6} = 3.6 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\begin{cases} \alpha_A = \frac{a_s}{r_A} = \frac{3.6}{0.06} = 60 \text{ rad/s}^2 \\ \alpha_B = \frac{a_s}{r_B} = \frac{3.6}{0.12} = 30 \text{ rad/s}^2 \end{cases}$$

b) $v_P = \omega_B r_P = 20 \cdot 0.09 = 1.8 \text{ m/s}$

$$\begin{cases} a_{P_s} = \alpha_B r_P = 30 \cdot 0.09 = 2.7 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ a_{P_n} = \omega_B^2 r_P = 20^2 \cdot 0.09 = 36 \text{ m/s}^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_P = 36.1 \text{ m/s}^2$$

3) a) $\alpha = \omega \frac{d\omega}{d\varphi}$ alt uttryck för vinkel acc.

$$\alpha = -0.1 \omega^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$-0.1 \omega^2 = \omega \frac{d\omega}{d\varphi} ; \quad d\varphi = -10 \frac{d\omega}{\omega}$$

$$\int_0^\varphi d\varphi = -10 \int_{12}^4 \frac{d\omega}{\omega} ; \quad \varphi = 10 \left[\ln \omega \right]_{12}^4 ;$$

$$\varphi = 10 \ln \frac{4}{12} = 10 \ln 3 = 11.0 \text{ rad} \quad \leftarrow (1.75 \text{ varv})$$

b) tiden

$$\alpha = \frac{d\omega}{dt} ; \quad \frac{d\omega}{dt} = -0.1 \omega^2$$

$$dt = -10 \frac{d\omega}{\omega^2}$$

$$\int_0^t dt = -10 \int_{12}^4 \frac{d\omega}{\omega^2}$$

$$t = -10 \left[-\frac{1}{\omega} \right]_{12}^4 = 10 \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{12} \right) = \frac{10}{6} = 1.67 \text{ s}$$